

# Evaluation of a Portable Laser Depainting System

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# Outline

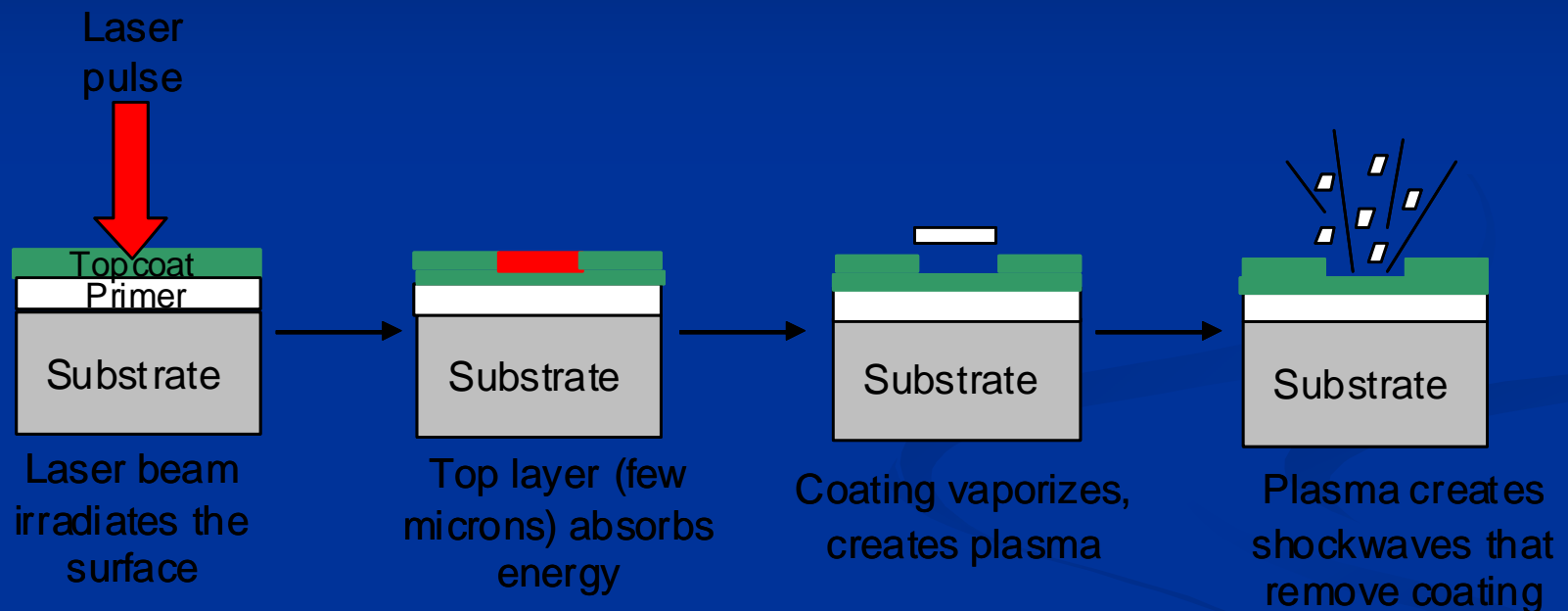
- Introduction
- Evaluation Criteria
- Evaluation of CARC coated 1018 Carbon Steel Substrate
- Removal of Corrosion Products
- Summary

# Introduction

Types of hazardous waste generated by conventional paint removal processes:

| Current Process             | Hazardous Waste                         |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Chemical Stripping          | methylene chloride, methyl ethyl ketone |
| Dry Media Pressure Blasting | sand media and coating residue          |
|                             | plastic media and coating residue       |
|                             | wheat starch and coating residue        |
| Hand Sanding                | coating residue                         |

# Mechanism of Laser Ablation



# Performance Evaluation Parameters\*

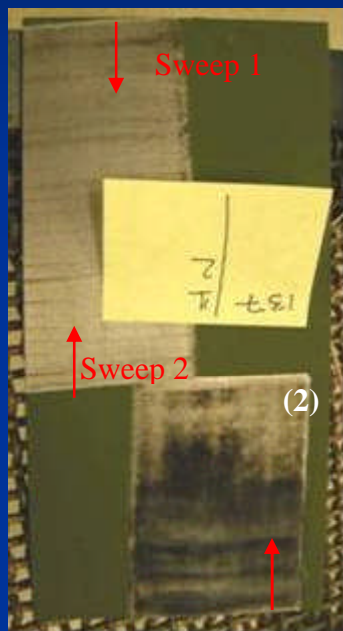
- Coating Removal Efficiency
- Coating Removal Rate
- Surface Erosion and Surface Roughness
- Thermal Load during Laser Depainting
- Adhesion Properties Following Laser Paint Removal and Re-coating
- Microhardness
- Electrochemical Properties
- Corrosion Product Removal

\* *compared with sandblasting*

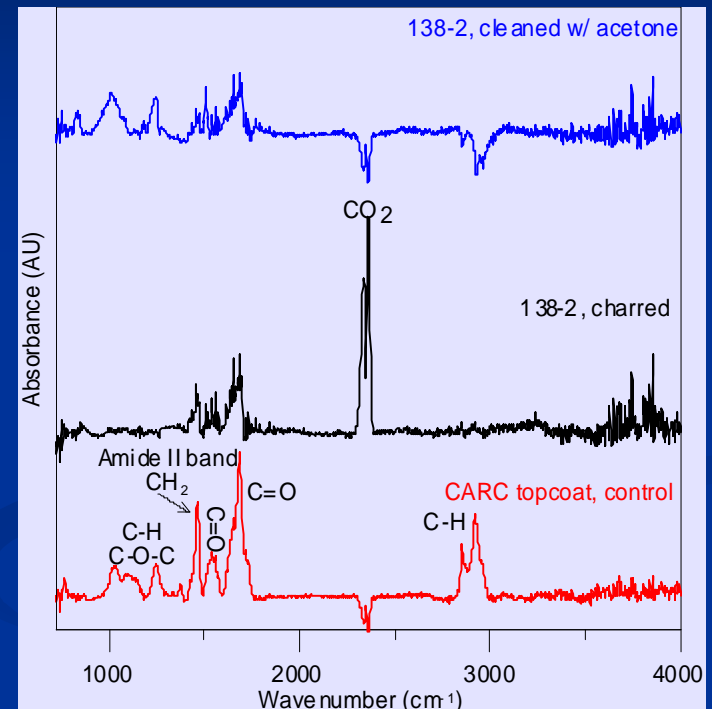
# Experimental Details

- Substrate: 3 in. by 6 in. 1018 Carbon Steel Panel
- Coatings used in this evaluation:
  - MIL-P-53030 water reducible primer
  - MIL-DTL-64159 waterborne CARC topcoat
- Measurement of thermal load: thermocouples attached to back-side of panel
- Evaluation of removal of corrosion product:
  - uncoated panels exposed to GM9540P environment for 1-3 days

# Coating Removal Efficiency



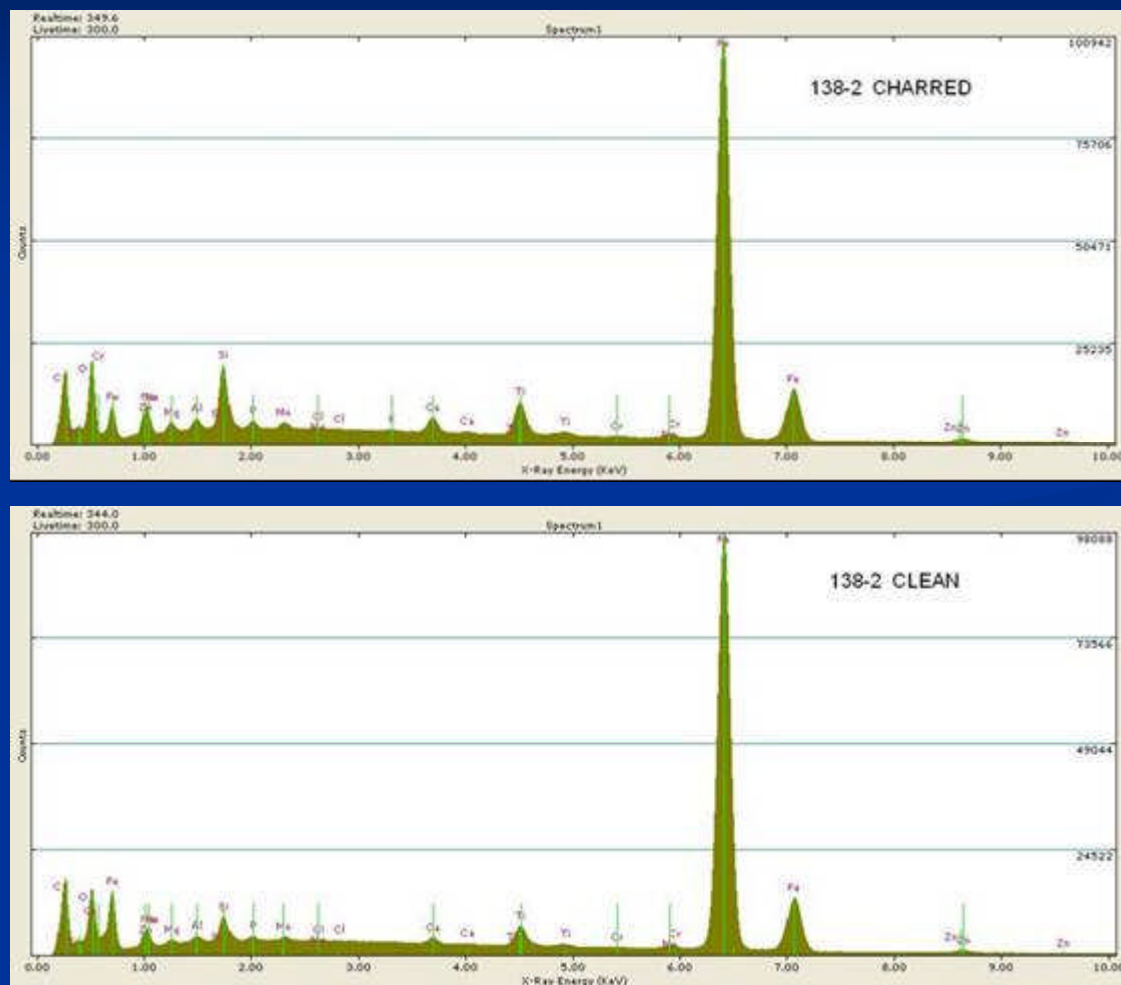
Cleaning with acetone →



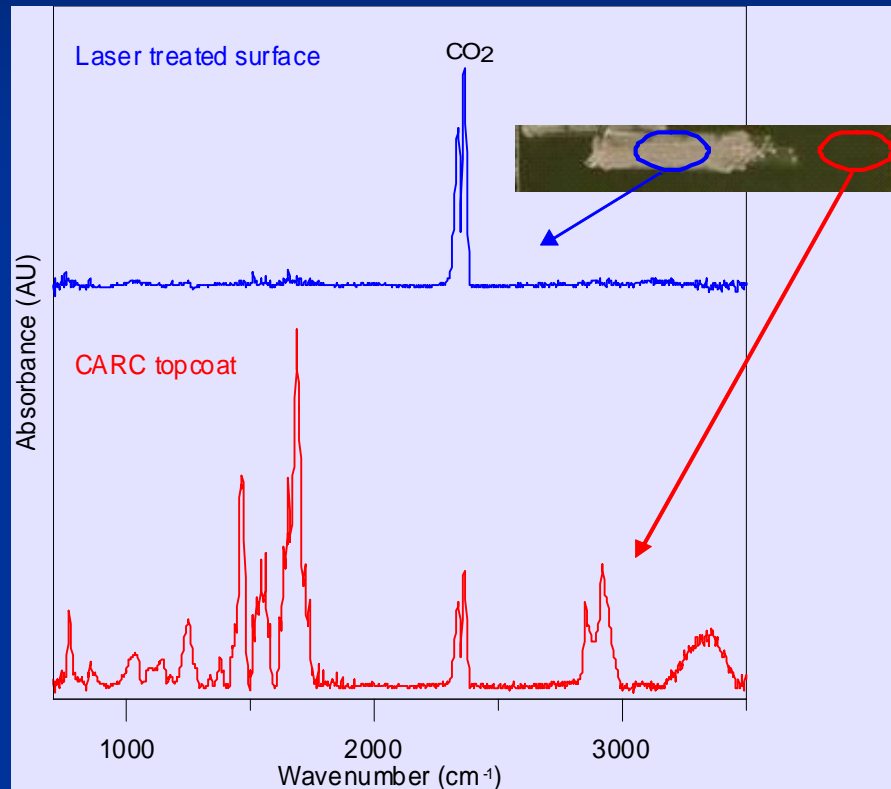
## Laser parameters:

voltage: 3.61 kV, current: 0.75A, beam energy: 0.79 J/pulse,  
gas mixture: 12.5 % CO<sub>2</sub> + 22.5 % N<sub>2</sub> + bal. He,  
distance of end effector from test panel: 3.81 cm

# Coating Removal Efficiency



# Coating Removal Efficiency



If no charring is present, coating is removed completely from the surface.

Charring can be avoided by optimizing the laser fluence (optimum range: 8-12 J/cm<sup>2</sup>).

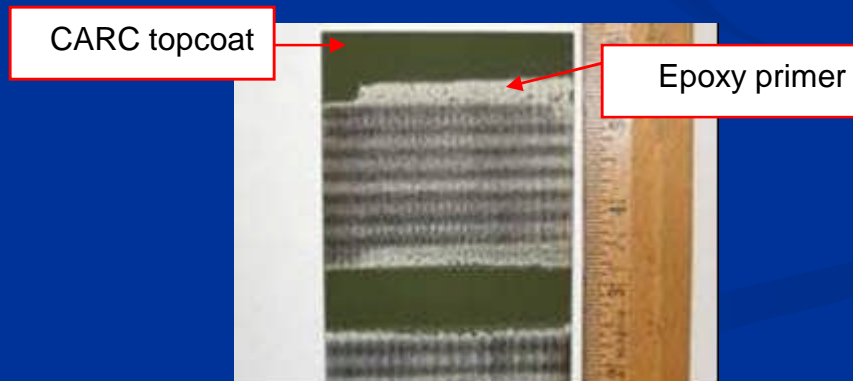
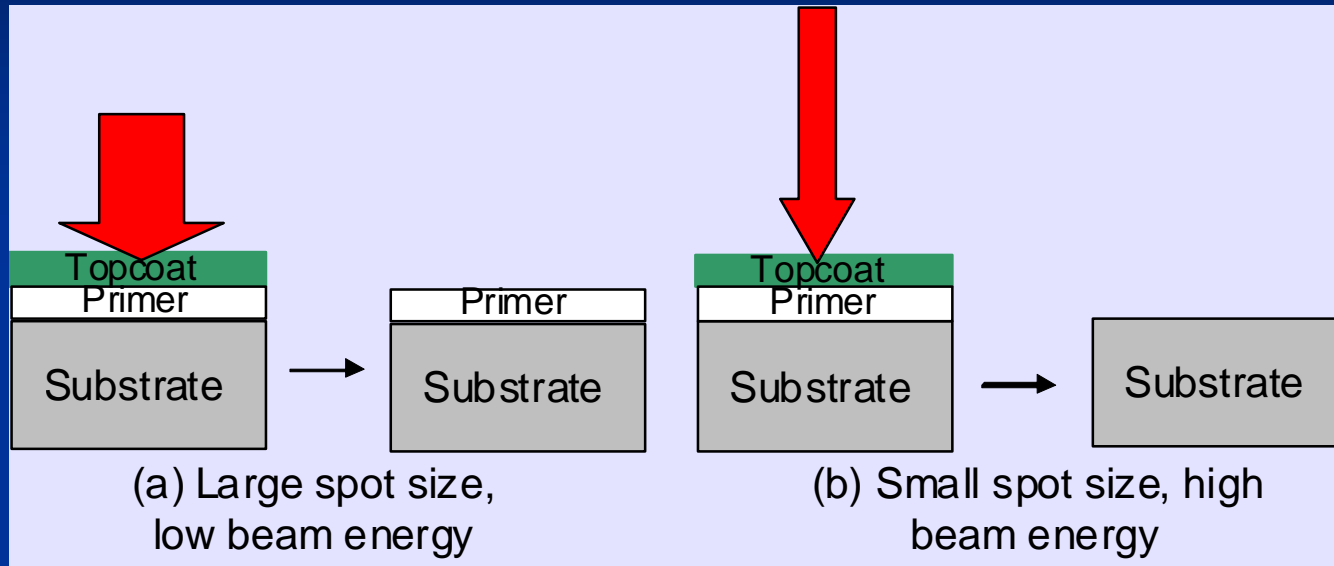
# Coating Removal Rate

| Test ID# | Voltage (kV) | Current (A) | Gas Mixture | Pulse Energy (J/pulse) | Panel Distance from End Effector (cm) | # Sweeps | Paint Removal Rate (cm <sup>2</sup> /min) |
|----------|--------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|---|
| 137-1    | 3.61         | 0.75        | A†          | 0.79                   | 3.81                                  | 2        | 7.61                                      |
| 137-2    |              |             |             |                        | 1.27                                  | 1        | 6.84                                      |
| 138-1    | 3.61         | 0.75        | A†          | 0.79                   | 1.27                                  | 1        | 20.12                                     |
| 138-2    |              |             |             |                        | 1.91                                  | 1        | 13.83                                     |
| 36-1-1   | 3.52         | 0.52        | B†          | 0.90                   | 1.91                                  | 1        | 18.02                                     |
| 36-1-2   |              |             |             |                        | 0.32                                  | 1        | 8.80                                      |
| 60-1-1   | 3.52         | 0.52        | B†          | 0.90                   | 1.27                                  | 2        | 6.24                                      |
| 60-1-2   |              |             |             |                        | 2.54                                  | 2        | 3.21                                      |
| 120-1-1  | 3.90         | 0.45        | B†          | 1.10                   | 1.91                                  | 1        | 4.30                                      |
| 120-1-2  |              |             |             |                        | 1.83                                  | N/A*     | N/A                                       |
| D-1-1    | 3.52         | 0.52        | B†          | 0.90                   | 1.27                                  | 1        | 9.53                                      |
| D-1-2    |              |             |             |                        | 1.91                                  | 1        | 6.35                                      |

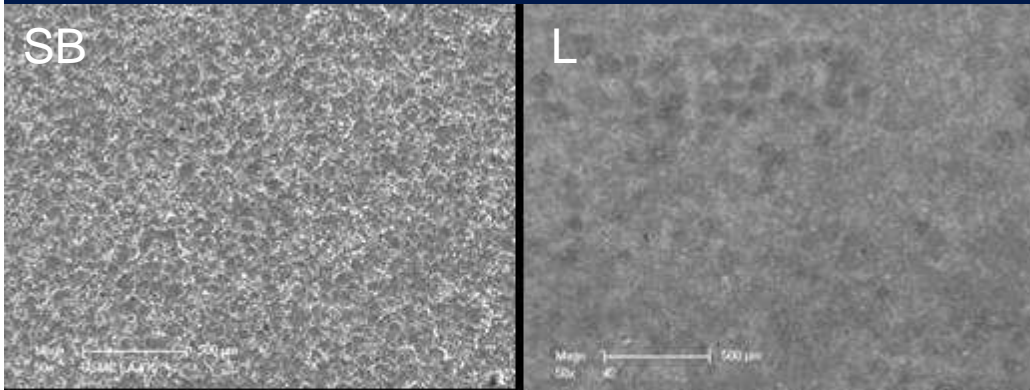
\*: test was stopped prior to completion due to problems with laser

Paint removal rate using gritblasting:  $4.5 \pm 1.1$  cm<sup>2</sup>/min

# Selective Paint Removal

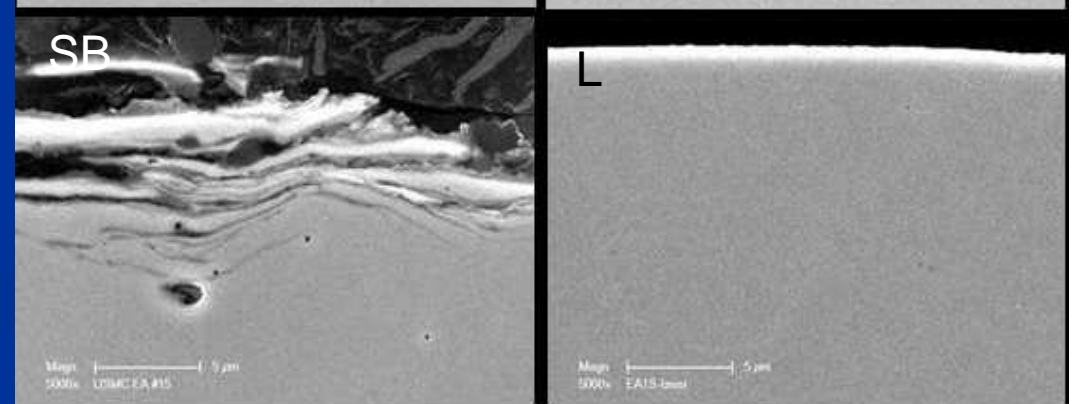
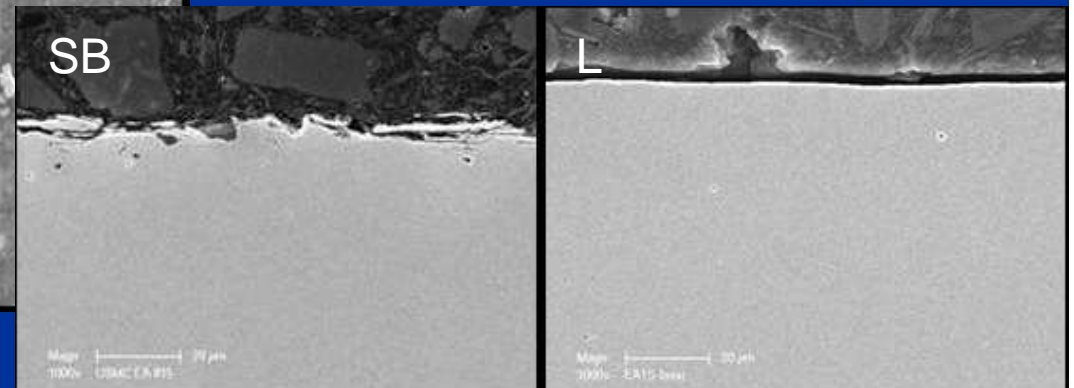
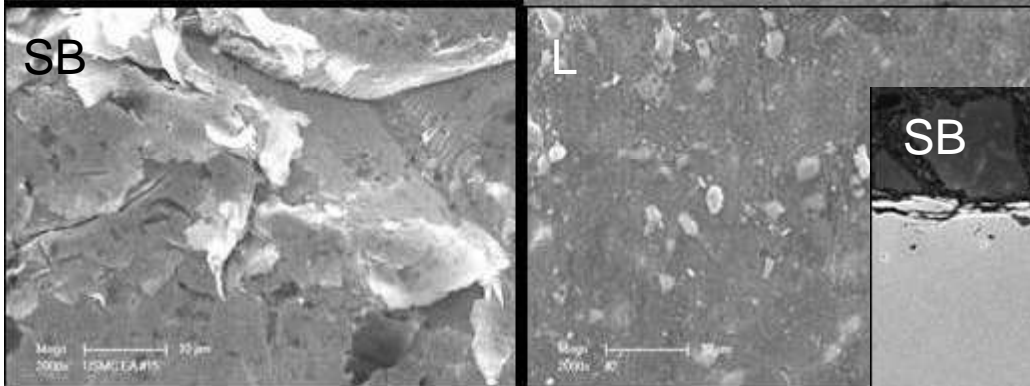


# Surface Erosion and Surface Roughness



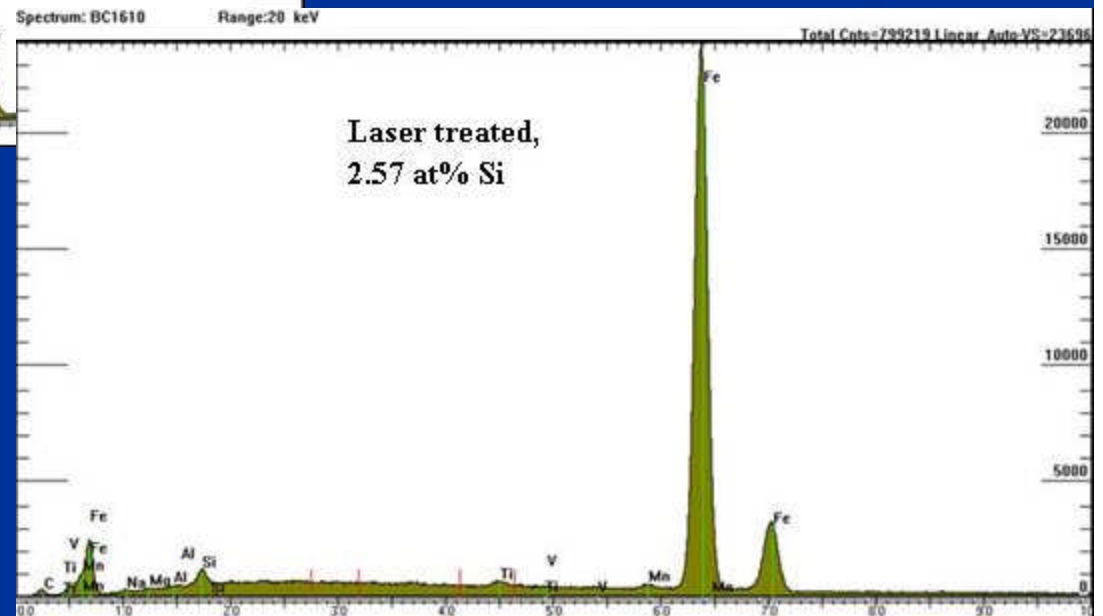
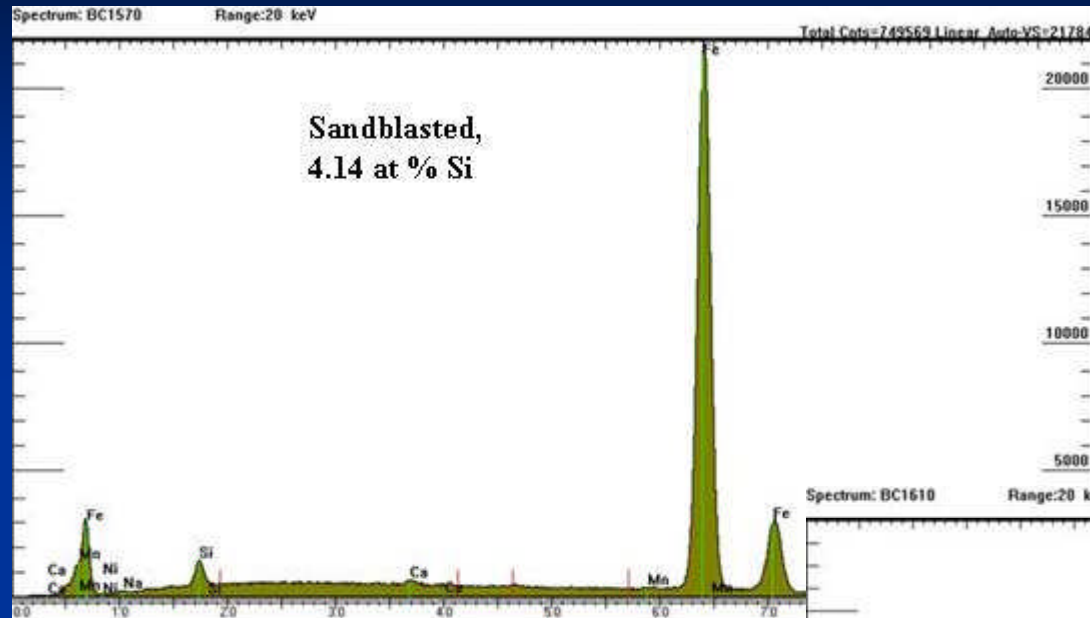
Sandblasted: 6.180 µm

Laser Treated: 0.687 µm

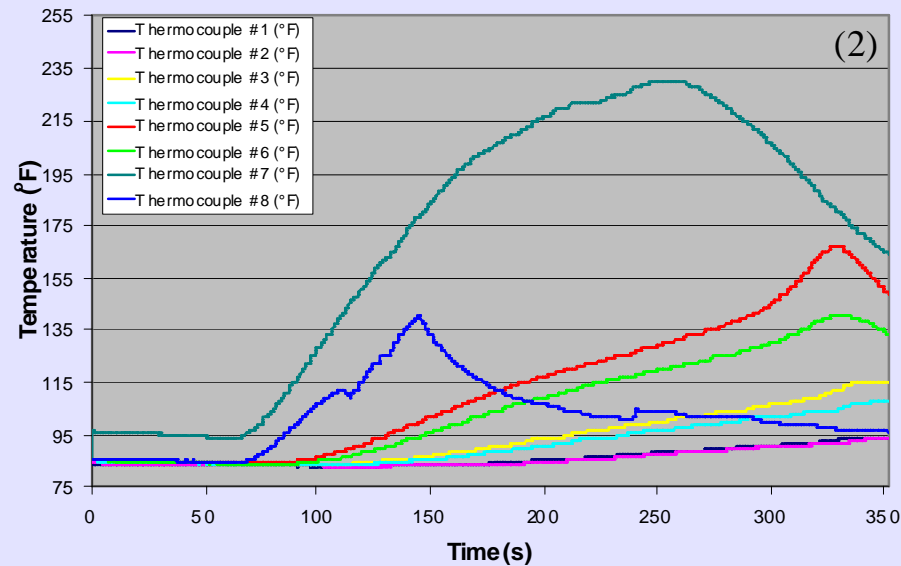
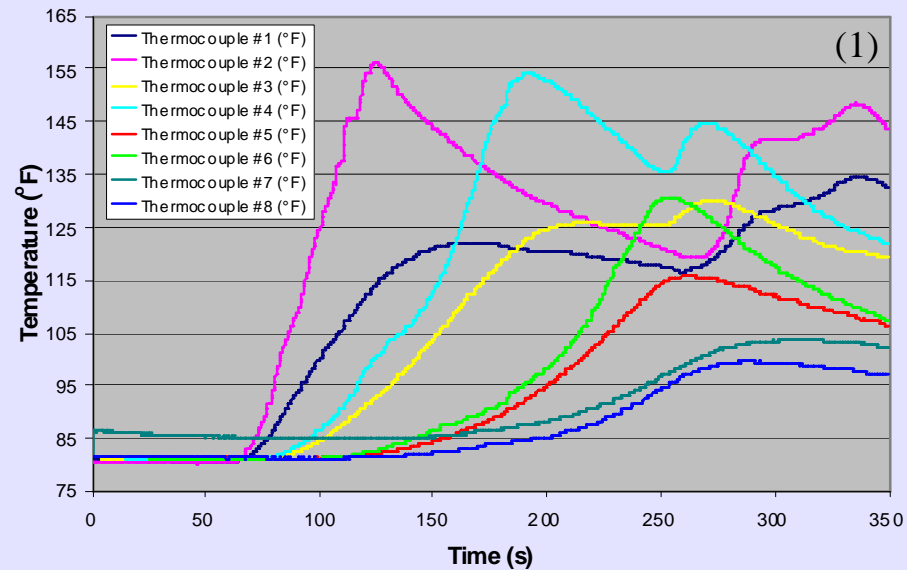
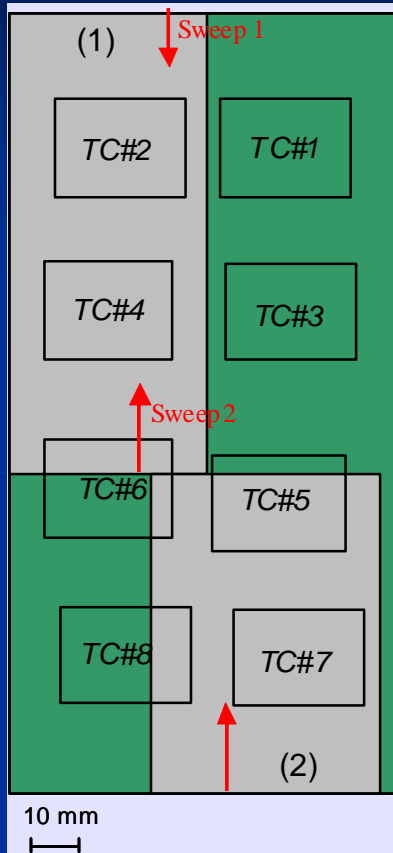


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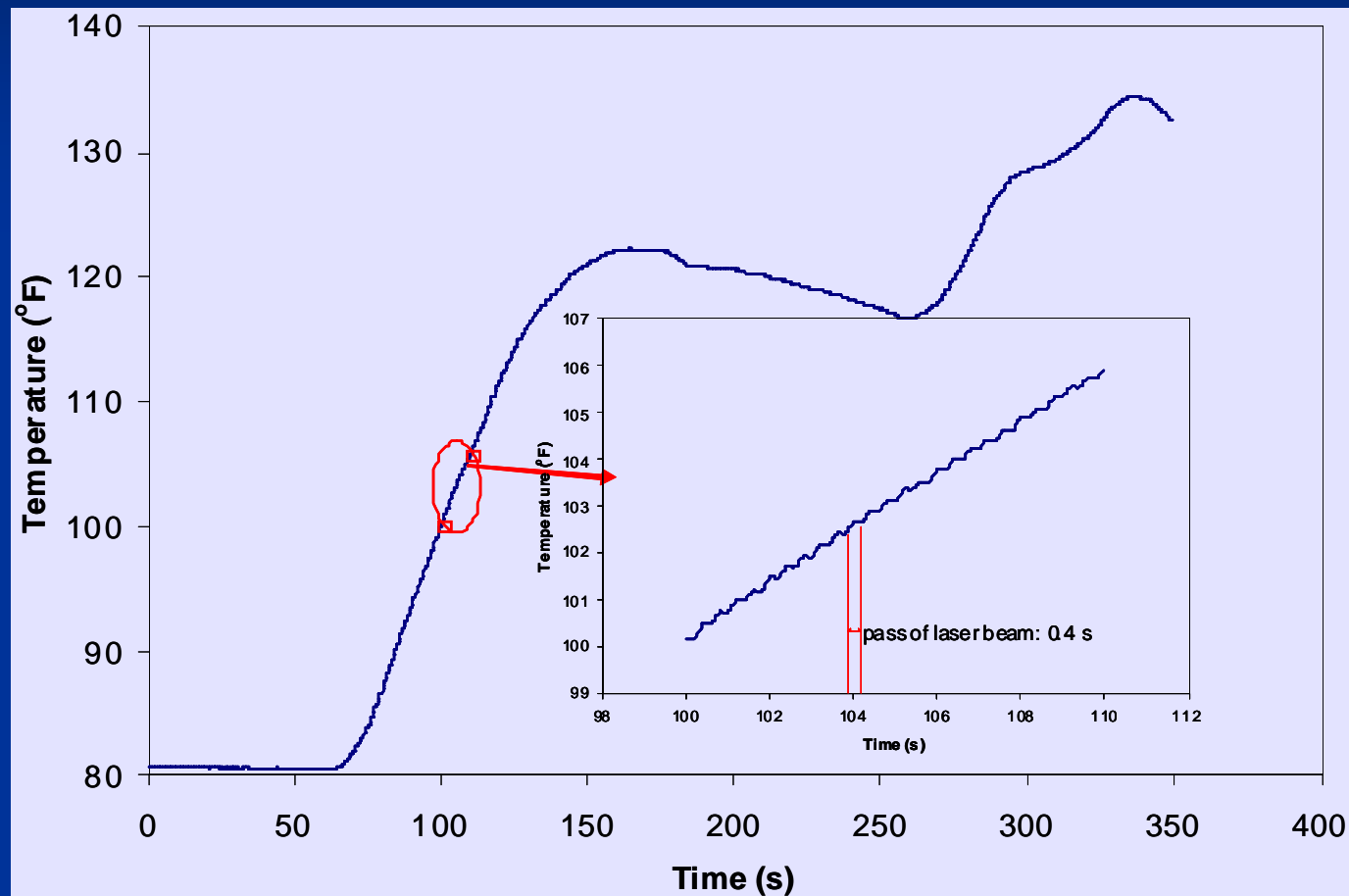
# Surface Contamination



# Thermal Load During Laser Depainting



# Thermal Load During Laser Depainting



# Thermal Load During Laser Depainting

| Test ID | Pulse Energy<br>(J/pulse) | Sample Distance<br>from End<br>Effector (cm) | # Sweeps | T <sub>max</sub> (°F) |
|---------|---------------------------|--|----------|-----------------------|
| 137-1   | 0.79                      | 3.81   | 2        | 156.25                |
| 137-2   |                           | 1.27   | 1        | 230.71                |
| 138-1   | 0.79                      | 1.27   | 1        | 128.06                |
| 138-2   |                           | 1.91   | 1        | 160.17                |
| 36-1-1  | 0.9                       | 1.91   | 1        | 176.68                |
| 36-1-2  |                           | 0.32   | 1        | 251.76                |
| 60-1-1  | 0.9                       | 1.27   | 2        | 274.84                |
| 60-1-2  |                           | 2.54   | 2        | 236.19                |
| 120-1-1 | 1.1                       | 1.91   | 2        | N/C†                  |
| 120-1-2 |                           | 1.83   | N/A*     | 181.82                |
| D-1-1   | 0.9                       | 1.27   | 1        | 199.60                |
| D-1-2   |                           | 1.91   | 1        | 219.83                |

† N/C: not collected

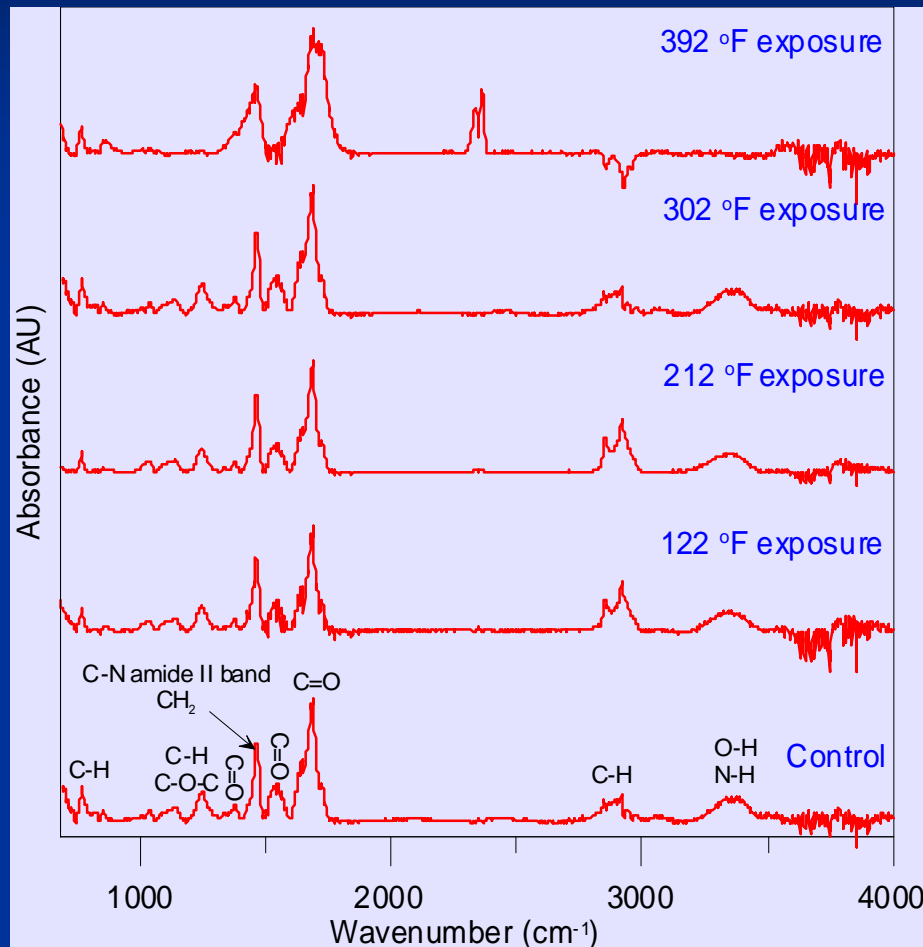
\* N/A: not available, the test was terminated prior to completion of second sweep.

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Clearwater Beach, FL

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# Thermal Resistance of CARC



No changes in FTIR spectrum (chemical bonds) up to 302 °F.

No damage is expected to surrounding coated areas.

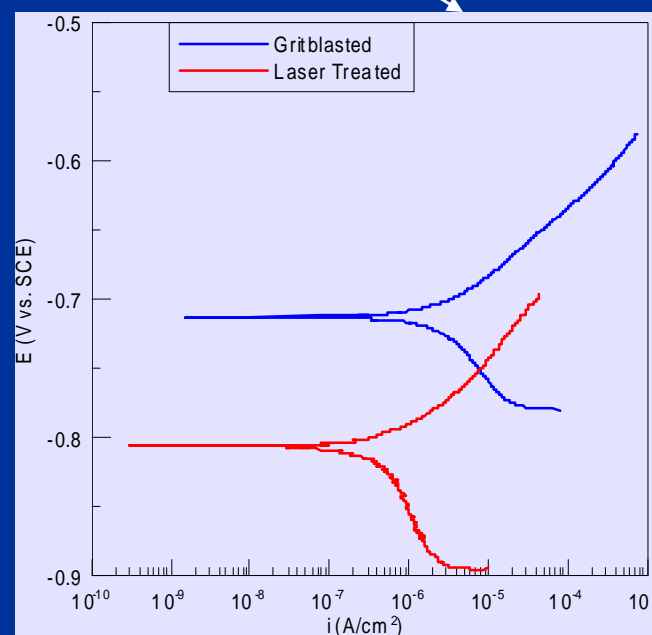
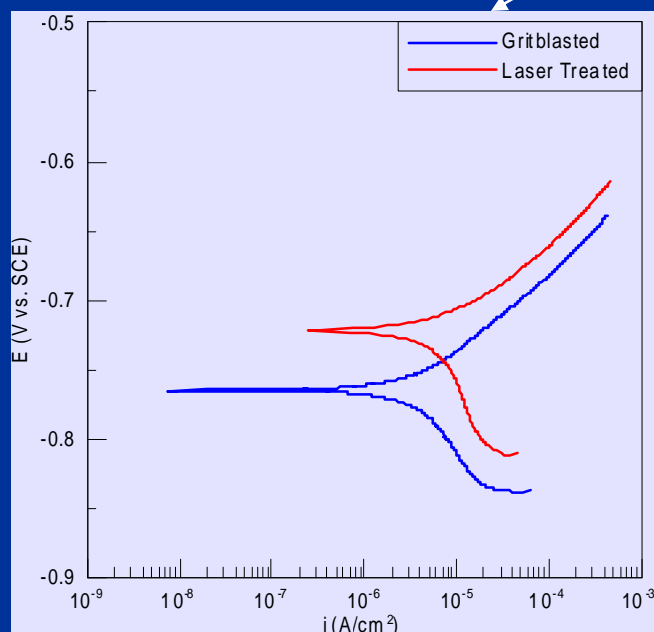
# Adhesion and Microhardness

| Paint Removal Method |               | ASTM D3359, Method B |                    |
|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|--------------------|
|                      |               | Average              | Standard Deviation |
| None (control)       |               | 3.50                 | 0.55               |
| Gritblasting         |               | 3.75                 | 0.50               |
| Laser Treatment      | Clean Area    | 3.50                 | 0.70               |
|                      | Clean Area*   | 3.00                 | 0.00               |
|                      | Charred Area* | 3.50                 | 0.7                |

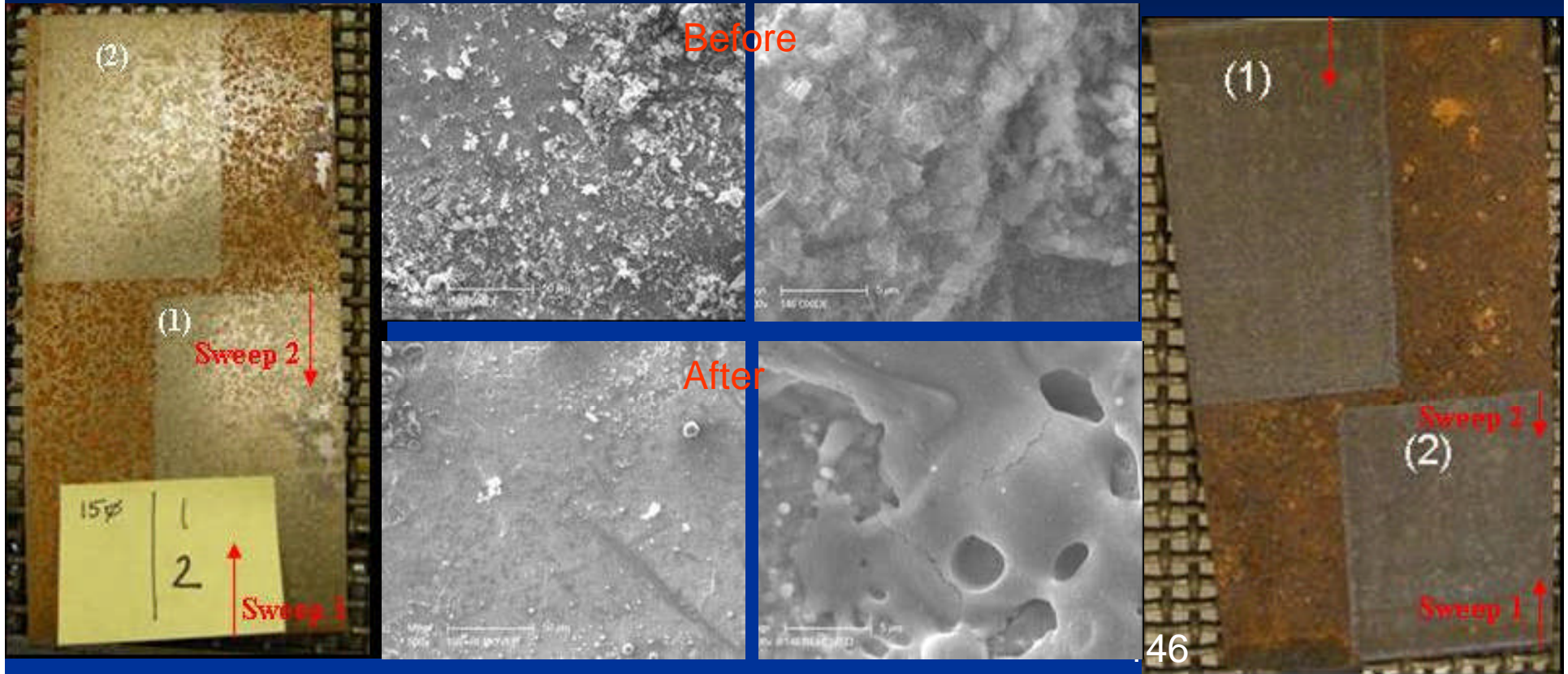
| Paint Removal Method | Vickers Microhardness (ASTM E384, 100 g load) |                    |
|----------------------|---|--------------------|
|                      | Average                                       | Standard Deviation |
| None (control)       | 110.4   | 1.8                |
| Gritblasting         | 107.0   | 5.2                |
| Laser Treatment      | 101.2   | 2.7                |

# Electrochemical Properties

| Paint Removal Method | $R_p(\text{Non-deaerated}), \Omega$ | $R_p(\text{Deaerated}), \Omega$ |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Gritblasting         | $1877 \pm 73$                       | $497 \pm 14$                    |
| Laser Treatment      | $1143 \pm 190$                      | $1610 \pm 40$                   |



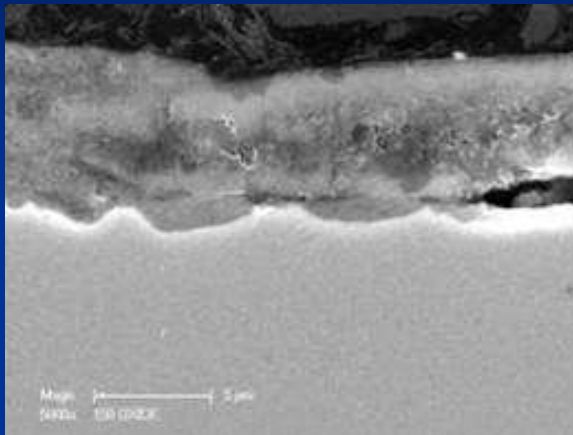
# Removal of Corrosion Products



| Test ID# | Scan Dist. | Scan Vel.  | Laser Pulse<br>Rep.<br>Rate | Voltage | Current | Pressure | Pulse Energy     | Gas Mixture   | Panel Dist.<br>From<br>End<br>Effector |
|----------|------------|------------|-----------------------------|---------|---------|----------|------------------|---|--|
| 150-1    | 150 cnts   | 400 cnts/s | 80 Hz                       | 3.61 kV | 0.75 A  | 40 Torr  | 0.79 J/<br>pulse | 12.5% CO <sub>2</sub> +<br>22.5 % N <sub>2</sub><br>+ bal. He | 0.953 cm                               |
| 150-2    |            |            |                             |         |         |          |                  |   | 0.317 cm                               |
| 146-1    |            |            |                             |         |         |          |                  |   | 1.270 cm                               |
| 146-2    |            |            |                             |         |         |          |                  |   | 1.905 cm                               |

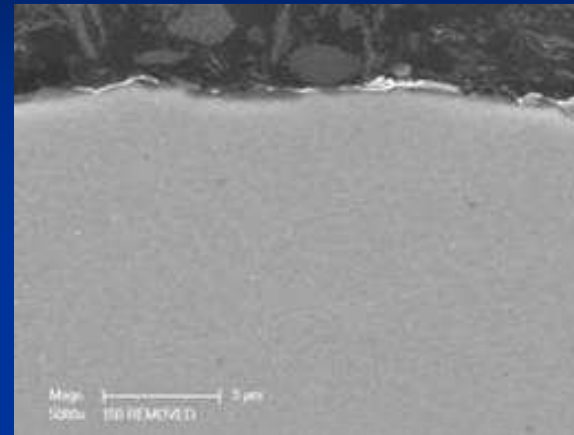
# Removal of Corrosion Products

Lightly Rusted Panel:



Fe/O  
= 0.72

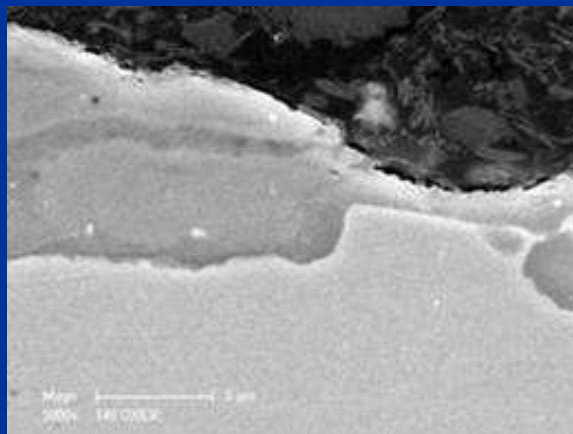
BEFORE



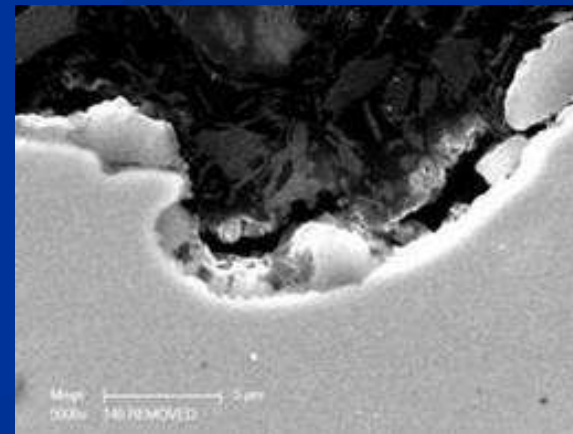
Fe/O  
= 2.73

AFTER

Heavily Rusted Panel:



Fe/O  
= 0.38



Fe/O  
= 0.58

Thermal load during corrosion product removal:  $T(\text{max}) = 315.20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$

# Summary

- The laser was found to be efficient in removing CARC with coating removal rates comparable to those of sandblasting. Charring was observed in some cases during laser decoating, probably due to low laser fluence. Paint residue was found on the charred surface indicating incomplete paint removal.
- Preliminary studies of selective coating removal showed that the laser can be optimized to remove the topcoat without damaging the primer layer.
- The laser treatment did not affect the surface roughness of the test panels, while sandblasting markedly increased the surface roughness and caused significant damage to the oxide layer. The impingement of high velocity sand particles also led to Si contamination of the surface.
- Thermal load of the substrate during lasing was measured using thermocouples attached to the back surface of the test panels. The temperature of the carbon steel substrate increased with each pass of the laser beam across the surface. The maximum temperature value found during laser treatment of CARC-coated test panels did not exceed 302°F, which was determined to be the upper limit for the thermal stability of CARC.

# Summary

- No effect of the laser treatment on adhesion properties of the surface was found.
- The microhardness of the laser decoated panels also did not change compared to that of as-received control and gritblasted test panels.
- No significant effect of the laser treatment was found on the electrochemical properties of the substrate.
- The investigatewd laser system was also successfully used to remove corrosion products from 1018 carbon steel. Most of the corrosion product layer was removed in case of lightly rusted surfaces, while only the top corrosion product layer was removed when heavy rust was present on the surface. The thermal loading, however, was higher during the removal of heavy rust, exceeding 302°F, which was the upper limit of the thermal stability of CARC.

# Acknowledgements

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- The author acknowledges the guidance provided by Mr. Matthew Koch, USMC CPAC and Mr. Hancel Porterfield.
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